



MINISTRY OF DEVELOPMENT
NEGARA BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

"Bersedia Berkhidmat"

**BRUNEI DARUSSALAM STANDARD
PIAWAI BRUNEI DARUSSALAM**

**PBD ISO 3132
ISO 3132 : 1975(E)
First edition 2010**

WOOD - TESTING IN COMPRESSION PERPENDICULAR TO GRAIN

**MINISTRY OF DEVELOPMENT
NEGARA BRUNEI DARUSSALAM**

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Authority for Building Control and Construction Industry (ABCi)
Ministry of Development
Old Airport, Jalan Berakas
Bandar Seri Begawan BB 3510
Negara Brunei Darussalam

**WOOD – TESTING IN COMPRESSION
PERPENDICULAR TO GRAIN**

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First Edition

National Foreword

This Brunei Darussalam Standard reproduces verbatim ISO 3132: 1975(E) and implements it as the Brunei Darussalam National Standard.

This Brunei Darussalam Standard is published under the direction of the Technical Committee on Timber Standards.

Attention is drawn to the fact that this Brunei Darussalam Standard does not confer any immunity from legal obligations in any contract for compliance to the Standard.

The Brunei Darussalam Standards are subject to periodical review according to the current needs of the local industries to keep abreast of progress in the industries concerned. Suggestions of amendments will be recorded and in due course brought to the notice of the committees concerned.

Amendments issued since publication :

Amd No.	Date of Issue	Text affected



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COMMITTEE MEMBERS

The Technical Committee on Timber was entrusted by the Ministry of Development for the preparation of this Brunei Darussalam Standard. The Technical Committee members are as follows:-

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| 1. | Dr. Tan Kha Sheng
(Chairman) | Universiti Brunei Darussalam |
| 2. | Mohd Shahril H.M
(Co-Chair) | Brunei Shell Petroleum Co. Sdn Bhd |
| 3. | Rosalind Khan
(Secretariat) | Authority for Building Control and
Construction Industry
Ministry of Development |
| 4. | Hamiddon Hj Md Said | Public Works Department
Ministry of Development |
| 5. | Dr. Yong Chee Tuan | Universiti Brunei Darussalam |
| 6. | Nicholas Leong Soon Kong | Brunei Shell Petroleum Co. Sdn Bhd |
| 7. | Nurzairyani Zairin | Brunei Shell Petroleum Co. Sdn Bhd |
| 8. | Zaeidi Hj Berudin | Forestry Department, Ministry of
Industry and Primary Resources |
| 9. | Noor Azam Hj Abd Rahman | Forestry Department, Ministry of
Industry and Primary Resources |
| 10. | Christopher Thien | Jurukur Bahan SPL |
| 11. | Raymond Wong | Twinwood Kilndry Treatment |
| 12. | Yapp Pow Khin | Architect 54 & Associates |
| 13. | Kent Liow | Brunei Sawmiller Association |
| 14. | Chan Hock Lay | Brunei Sawmiller Association |

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



3132

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Wood — Testing in compression perpendicular to grain

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FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 3132 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 55, *Sawn timber and sawlogs*, and circulated to the Member Bodies in June 1973.

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Australia	France	Poland
Austria	Hungary	Romania
Belgium	India	South Africa, Rep. of
Bulgaria	Ireland	Sweden
Canada	Italy	Thailand
Chile	Mexico	Turkey
Czechoslovakia	Netherlands	U.S.S.R.
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Norway	Yugoslavia

The Member Bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Germany
Japan
United Kingdom

Wood — Testing in compression perpendicular to grain

1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This International Standard specifies a method of testing wood in compression perpendicular to the grain to determine the proportional limit (conventional ultimate strength), the load being applied to the whole surface (radial or tangential) of the test piece.

2 REFERENCES

ISO 3129, *Wood — Sampling methods and general requirements for physical and mechanical tests.*

ISO 3130, *Wood — Determination of moisture content for physical and mechanical tests.*

3 PRINCIPLE

Determination, from a load-deformation diagram, of the ordinate of the point where the tangent of the angle formed by the tangent to the curve with the load axis is 50 % greater than its value in the linear portion of the diagram. Estimation of the stress at the load corresponding to the ordinate.

4 APPARATUS

4.1 **Testing machine** with a device graduated in intervals of not more than 50 N/mm to record load and graduated in intervals of not more than 0,01 mm/mm to record the deformation of the test piece. A testing machine measuring the load to an accuracy of 1 % and a device measuring the deformation of the test piece to an accuracy of 0,01 mm shall be used in cases where a machine with a recording device is not available.

4.2 **Uniform-loading device** consisting of two self-aligning plates of hardened steel, whose spherical surfaces are in contact.

4.3 **Measuring instrument** capable of determining the dimensions of the test pieces to an accuracy of 0,1 mm.

4.4 **Equipment for the determination of moisture content** in accordance with ISO 3130.

5 PREPARATION OF TEST PIECES

5.1 Test pieces shall be prepared in the form of right prisms having a square cross-section of side 20 mm and length along the grain from 30 to 60 mm. When testing wood with growth rings more than 4 mm wide, the cross-sectional dimensions may be increased so that the test piece has not less than five rings.

5.2 The preparation, moisture content and number of test pieces shall be in accordance with ISO 3129.

6 PROCEDURE

6.1 Measure, to an accuracy of 0,1 mm, the widths (in a tangential direction for radial compression or in a radial direction for tangential compression) and length of the test pieces along their axes of symmetry.

6.2 Load the test piece using the uniform-loading device (4.2). The speed of testing (at a constant rate of loading or constant rate of movement of the loading head of the machine) shall be such that the proportional limit (conventional ultimate strength) is reached in $1,5 \pm 0,5$ min after the start of loading.

6.3 When using a testing machine without a recording device, determine the deformation of the test piece by the dial gauge to an accuracy of 0,01 mm at equal intervals of load increase. The interval shall be at least 10 times smaller than the load corresponding to the proportional limit. Load increase intervals of 200 N for soft wood and 400 N for hard wood may be used.

6.4 Continue the test until the proportional limit (conventional ultimate strength) has obviously been exceeded, as can be seen in the diagram of the testing machine or by an appreciable increase in the rate of deformation of the test piece.

6.5 After the test has been carried out, determine the moisture content, when required, according to ISO 3130.

Take a central portion of the test piece 25 ± 5 mm long as the sample for determination of moisture content. To determine the mean moisture content, it is permissible to use only some of the test pieces. Calculate the minimum number of the test pieces to be used for the determination of moisture content in accordance with ISO 3129.